

## Prescription Label

Patient Name:

Species:

Drug Name & Strength:

Directions (amount to give how often & for how long):

Prescribing Veterinarian's Name & Contact Information:

Refills:

[Content to be provided by prescribing veterinarian]

## Diphenhydramine

(*dye-fen-hye-dra-meen*)

### Description:

Antihistamine

### Other Names for this Medication:

Benadryl<sup>®</sup>, Banophen<sup>®</sup>, Genahist<sup>®</sup>, Diphenhist<sup>®</sup>

### Common Dosage Forms:

**Veterinary:** No systemic products; shampoos, topical sprays, and topical liquids are available. **Human:** 12.5 mg chewable tablets; 25 mg & 50 mg tablets or capsules; 12.5 mg disintegrating strips; 5 mg/mL oral suspension; 12.5 mg/5 mL oral liquid, elixir, or syrup.

This information sheet does not contain all available information for this medication and has not been reviewed by FDA Center for Veterinary Medicine. This sheet can help answer commonly asked questions but is not a substitute for medical advice. If you have other questions or need more information about this medication, contact your veterinarian or pharmacist.

### Key Information

- **Use only products that contain diphenhydramine as a single active ingredient.** Any other ingredients (eg, pain relievers, decongestants) found in human-label combination products can be toxic to animals.
- Antihistamines should be used on a regular, ongoing basis in animals that respond to them. They work better if used before exposure to an allergen (eg, pollens).
- May cause drowsiness (sleepiness); this effect may lessen with time.
- Rarely, cats may become excited when given this medication.
- May be given either with or without food. If your animal vomits or acts sick after receiving the medication on an empty stomach, try giving the next dose with food or a small treat. If vomiting continues, contact your veterinarian.

### How is this medication useful?

Allergies cause histamine release, which causes itchy skin. Diphenhydramine blocks histamine's effects to reduce itchiness associated with allergies. It can also be used as an additional treatment for itching related to certain types of cancers (eg, mast cell tumors). Like other antihistamines, the response to this drug can vary between animals and be unpredictable, so your veterinarian may try several different antihistamines to see which one works best for your animal. This antihistamine may be used with another antihistamine to

improve its effects. Diphenhydramine may be used as a treatment or preventative for motion sickness. It is occasionally used as a tranquilizer to calm animals or to treat signs (such as tremors or rigidity) associated with certain drugs or toxins. The FDA (U.S. Food & Drug Administration) has approved this drug for use in humans, but it is not officially approved for systemic use in animals. The FDA allows veterinarians to prescribe products containing this drug in different species or for other conditions in certain situations. You and your veterinarian can discuss why this drug is the most appropriate choice.

### **What should I tell my veterinarian to see if this medication can be safely given?**

Many things might affect how well this drug will work in your animal. It is very important to discuss the following information with your veterinarian so that together you can make the best decisions for treating your animal:

- Other drugs can interact with diphenhydramine, so be sure to tell your veterinarian and pharmacist what medications (including vitamins, supplements, or herbal therapies) you are giving your animal, as well as the amount and schedule of each.
- Tell your veterinarian about any conditions or diseases your animal may have now or has had in the past.
- If your animal has been treated for the same disease or condition in the past, tell your veterinarian about the treatment and how well it did or didn't work.
- If your animal is pregnant or nursing, talk to your veterinarian about the risks of using this drug.
- Tell your veterinarian and pharmacist about any medication side effects (including skin rashes, lack of appetite, vomiting, diarrhea, itching, and/or hair loss) your animal has developed in the past.

### **How long until I will know if this medication is working, and how long will the effects of this medication last?**

This medication should help your animal feel better within 1 to 2 hours. Your animal's clinical signs should improve after that time. The effects of this medication are short-lived, meaning they will stop working within 24 hours, although the benefits may be prolonged if your animal has decreased kidney and/or liver function.

### **When should this medication not be used or be used very carefully?**

No drug is 100% safe in all patients, but your veterinarian will discuss with you any specific concerns about using this drug in your animal.

This drug **SHOULD NOT** be used in:

- Animals that have had allergic reactions to it or the drug, dimenhydrinate.
- Animals about to undergo allergy testing. Antihistamines interfere with the results of allergy testing. Talk with your veterinarian about when to stop giving this medication.

This drug should be used **WITH CAUTION** in patients:

- With glaucoma as it may make it worse.
- That have problems urinating, prostate enlargement, thyroid problems, or heart disease.
- Who are old.
- Working dogs (eg, guide dogs, search dogs, hunting dogs, sled dogs, rescue dogs) may become sleepy and unable to perform their duties.
- Who are nursing mothers as diphenhydramine crosses over into the milk and may have an effect on the newborns.

If your animal matches any of these conditions, talk to your veterinarian about the possible risks of using the drug versus the benefits it may have.

### **What are the side effects of this medication?**

#### ***Side effects that usually are not serious include:***

- The most common side effect, which is often desirable, is sleepiness. Most animals will become tolerant to this effect with time and will not get as sleepy when given the medication.
- Cats, in particular, may become unusually excited while taking this drug.
- Dry mouth and trouble urinating (eg, straining) are possible but not common.
- Infrequently, diphenhydramine may cause gastrointestinal distress such as vomiting, decreased appetite, or diarrhea.

You don't have to be overly concerned if you see any of these signs unless they are severe, worsen, or continue to be a problem. Contact your veterinarian if this happens.

**If my animal gets too much of this medication (an overdose), what should I do?**

Small overdoses of diphenhydramine are usually not serious, but larger overdoses may be. If you are unsure of the amount taken or if your animal has received an overdose of this drug and has symptoms such as excessive drowsiness, excitement, seizures, or severe dry mouth, contact your veterinarian or an animal poison control center immediately for further advice. Animal poison control centers that are open 24 hours a day include: **ASPCA Animal Poison Control Center** (888-426-4435) and **Pet Poison HELPLINE** (855-764-7661); a consultation fee is charged for these services.

**How should this medication be given?**

Give this medication exactly as your veterinarian has prescribed. It’s a good idea to always check the prescription label to be sure you are giving the drug correctly.

- The drug may be given either with food or on an empty stomach. If your animal vomits or acts sick after receiving the drug on an empty stomach, try giving the next dose with food or a small treat. If vomiting continues, contact your veterinarian.
- Liquid forms of this medication must be measured carefully. Your veterinarian or pharmacist can help by providing special measuring spoons or syringes.
- Most cats do not like the taste of diphenhydramine liquid, and getting cats to take this drug can be hard. If you have difficulty getting your animal to take the medication, contact your veterinarian or pharmacist for tips to help dosing and reducing the stress of medication time.
- This medication can be given for various lengths of time. Be sure you understand how long your veterinarian wants you to continue giving this medication. Prescription refills may be necessary before the therapy will be complete. Before stopping this medication, talk to your veterinarian, as there may be important reasons to continue its use.

**What should I do if I miss giving a dose of this medication?**

If you miss a dose, give it when you remember, but if it is close to the time for the next dose, skip the missed dose and give the medication at the next scheduled time. After that, return to the regular dosing schedule. Do not double-up or give extra doses.

**How should I store this medication?**

Store this medication in the original prescription bottle or an approved dosage reminder container (ie, pill minder) at room temperature. Do not allow liquid forms to freeze. Keep away from children and other animals.

**Can handling this medication be hazardous to me, my family, or other animals?**

There are no specific precautions required when handling this medication unless you are allergic to it. Wash your hands after handling any medication.

**How should I dispose of this medication if I don’t use it all?**

- Do not flush this medication down the toilet or wash it down the sink. If a community drug “take-back” program is available, use this option. If there is no take-back program, mix the drug with coffee grounds or cat litter (to make it undesirable to children and animals and unrecognizable to people who might go through your trash), place the mixture in a sealable plastic bag to keep it from leaking out, and throw the bag out with the regular trash.
- Do not save leftover medication for future use or give it to others to use.

**What other information is important for this medication?**

- Because this drug can cause dry mouth, be sure your animal has access to water at all times.
- Use of this drug may not be allowed in certain animal competitions. Check rules and regulations before entering your animal in a competition while this medication is being administered.

**If you have any other questions about this medication, contact your veterinarian or pharmacist.**

**Special Instructions**

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